

# LY8891

# 1.0 Watt Audio power Amplifier

# **REVISION HISTORY**

| Revision | <u>Description</u>     | <u>Issue Date</u> |
|----------|------------------------|-------------------|
| Rev. 0.1 | Initial Issue          | May. 15. 2008     |
| Rev. 0.2 | Modify test result     | May. 27. 2008     |
| Rev. 1.0 | Release Datasheet      | May. 30. 2008     |
| Rev. 1.1 | Add DFN-8 Package type | July. 28. 2008    |

# 1.0 Watt Audio power Amplifier

#### **FEATURES**

- 2.5V~5.5V Power supply.
- Thermal shutdown Protection.
- Low current shutdown mode
- No capacitors and networks or bootstrap capacitors required
- Low noise during turn-on and turn-off transitions
- Lead free and green package available. (RoHS Compliant)
- Space Saving Package
  - -- 8-pin MSOP package.
  - -- 8-pin DFN Package

## **APPLICATION**

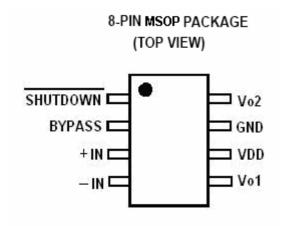
- Portable electronic devices
- Mobile Phones
- PDAs

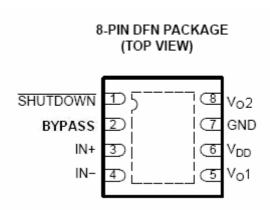
### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The LY8891 is a 1.0W audio power amplifier. It is capable of driving 8 speaker load at a continuous average output of 1.0W/1% distortion (THD+N) from a 5.0V power supply. The LY8891 primarily designed for high quality application in other portable communication device. And the LY8891 audio amplifier features low power consumption shutdown mode. It is achieved by driving the shutdown pin with logic low. And the LY8891 has an internal thermal shutdown protection feature.

The LY8891 audio amplifier was designed specifically to provide high quality output power with a minimal amount of external components. The LY8891 does not require output capacitors, and the LY8891 is ideally suited for other low voltage applications or portable electronic devices where minimal power consumption is a primary requirement.

#### PIN CONFIGURATION





## **PIN DESCRIPTION**

Preliminary. 1.1

| SYMBOL   | Pin No. |     | DESCRIPTION  |  |
|----------|---------|-----|--|--|
| STWIDGE  | MSOP    | DFN | DESCRIPTION  |  |
| SHUTDOWN | 1       | 1   | Shutdown the device.(when low level is active the pin) |  |
| BYPASS   | 2       | 2   | Bypass pin   |  |
| +IN      | 3       | 3   | Positive Input   |  |
| -IN      | 4       | 4   | Negative Input   |  |
| Vo1      | 5       | 5   | Negative output  |  |
| Vdd      | 6       | 6   | Power Supply   |  |
| GND      | 7       | 7   | Ground   |  |
| Vo2      | 8       | 8   | Positive Output  |  |

## **APPLICATION CIRCUIT**

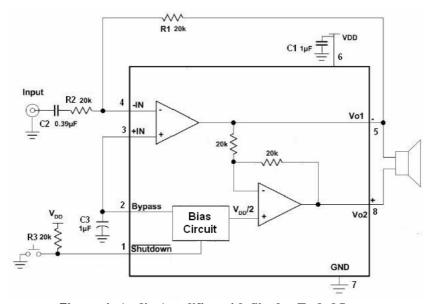


Figure 1. Audio Amplifier with Single -Ended Input

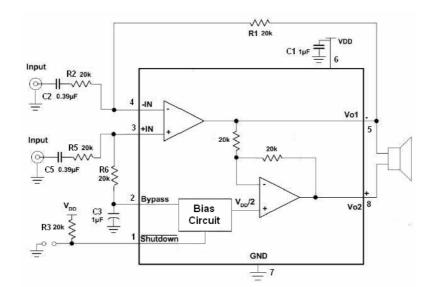


Figure 2. Audio Amplifier with Differential Input

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUN RATINGS\***

| PARAMETER                            | SYMBOL          | RATING              | UNIT |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| Operating Voltage                    | V <sub>DD</sub> | 2.5 to 5.5          | V    |
|                                      |                 | 0 to 70 (C grade)   |      |
| Operating Temperature                | TA              | -20 to 80 (E grade) |      |
|                                      |                 | -40 to 85 (I grade) |      |
| Storage Temperature                  | Тѕтс            | -65 to 150          |      |
| Power Dissipation                    | Po              | Internally Limited  | W    |
| ESD Susceptibility                   | Vesd            | 2000                | V    |
| Soldering Temperature (under 10 sec) | Tsolder         | 260                 |      |
| Thermal Resistance ( Jc(MSOP))       |                 | 56                  | /W   |
| Thermal Resistance ( JA(MSOP))       |                 | 190                 | /W   |
| Thermal Resistance ( JA(DFN))        |                 | 220                 | /W   |

<sup>\*</sup>Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to the absolute maximum rating conditions for extended period may affect device reliability.

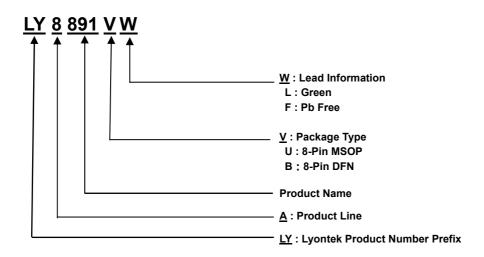
## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (VDD=5V, TA=25 )

| PARAMETER                        | SYMBOL          | TEST CONDITION                       | MIN. | TYP.    | MAX. | UNIT |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|------|---------|------|------|
| Power Supply Current             | Ipp             | $V_{IN} = 0V$ , $I_O = 0A$ , No Load | -    | 4.0     | 10.0 | mA   |
| Fower Supply Current             | טטו             | $V_{IN} = 0V$ , $I_O = 0A$ , 8 Load  | -    | 5.0     | 15.0 | mA   |
| Shutdown Current                 | Isd             | Vshutdown = 0V                       | -    | 0.1     | 2.0  | μA   |
| Shutdown Voltage Input High      | Vsdih           |                                      | 1.2  | -       | -    | V    |
| Shutdown Voltage Input Low       | VsDIL           |                                      | -    | -       | 0.4  | V    |
| Output Offset Voltage            | Vos             |                                      | -    | 7.0     | 50.0 | mV   |
| Resistor Output to GND           | Rout-gnd        |                                      | 7.0  | 8.5     | 9.7  | k    |
| Output Power (8Ω)                | Po              | THD = 2% (max), f = 1 kHz            | -    | 1.0     |      | W    |
| Total Harmonic Distortion+ Noise | THD+N           | Po = 0.4 Wrms; f = 1kHz              | -    | 0.1     |      | %    |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio     | PSRR            | Vripple = 200mV sine p-p             | -    | 57 (f = | -    | dB   |
|                                  |                 | Input terminated with 10             |      | 217Hz)  |      |      |
|                                  |                 | to GND                               |      | 66 (f = |      |      |
|                                  |                 |                                      |      | 1kHz)   |      |      |
| Wake-up time                     | Twυ             |                                      | -    | 176     |      | ms   |
| Thermal Shutdown Temperature     | T <sub>SD</sub> |                                      | 150  | 170     | 190  |      |
| Shut Down Time                   | TSDT            | 8 Ω load                             | •    | 1.0     |      | ms   |

# DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (VDD=3V, TA=25 )

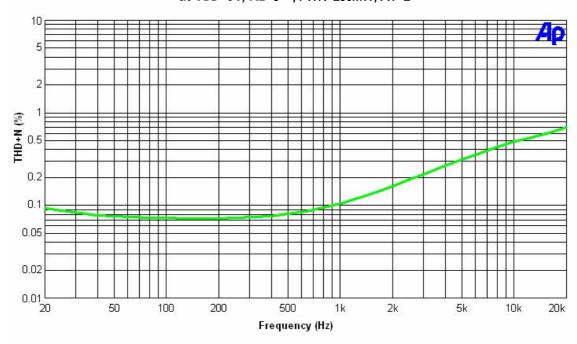
| PARAMETER                        | SYMBOL          | TEST CONDITION   | MIN. | TYP.                            | MAX. | UNIT |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--|------|---------------------------------|------|------|
| Dower Supply Current             | Ipp             | $V_{IN} = 0V$ , $I_O = 0A$ , No Load                                       | -    | 3.5                             | 9.0  | mA   |
| Power Supply Current             | טטו             | $V_{IN} = 0V, I_{O} = 0A, 8$ Load  | -    | 4.5                             | 14.0 | mA   |
| Shutdown Current                 | Isd             | Vshutdown = 0V   | -    | 0.1                             | 2.0  | μA   |
| Shutdown Voltage Input High      | Vsdih           |  | 1.2  | -                               | =    | V    |
| Shutdown Voltage Input Low       | Vsdil           |  | -    | -                               | 0.4  | V    |
| Output Offset Voltage            | Vos             |  | -    | 7.0                             | 50.0 | mV   |
| Resistor Output to GND           | Rout-gnd        |  | 7.0  | 8.5                             | 9.7  | k    |
| Output Power (8Ω)                | Po              | THD = 1% (max), f = 1 kHz  | 0.28 | 0.31                            |      | W    |
| Total Harmonic Distortion+ Noise | THD+N           | Po = 0.15 W <sub>rms</sub> , f = 1kHz                                      | -    | 0.1                             | -    | %    |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio     | PSRR            | V <sub>ripple</sub> = 200mV sine p-p<br>Input terminated with 10<br>to GND | -    | 57 (f = 217Hz)<br>65 (f = 1kHz) | -    | dB   |
| Wake-up time                     | Twu             |  | -    | 114                             |      | ms   |
| Thermal Shutdown Temperature     | T <sub>SD</sub> |  | 150  | 170                             | 190  |      |

## **ORDERING INFORMATION**



## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 3
THD+N vs Frequency
at VDD=5V, RL=8 , PWR=250mW, Av=2



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Figure 4
THD+N vs Frequency

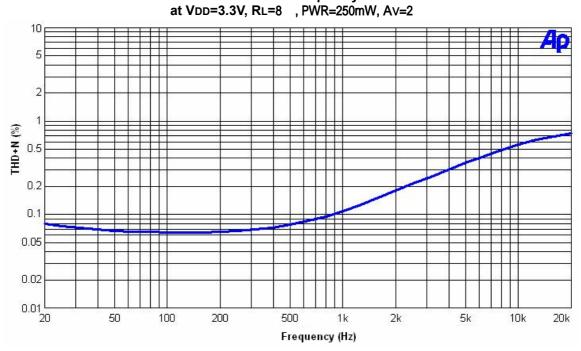


Figure 5
THD+N vs Frequency
at VDD=3V, RL=8 , PWR=250mW, Av=2

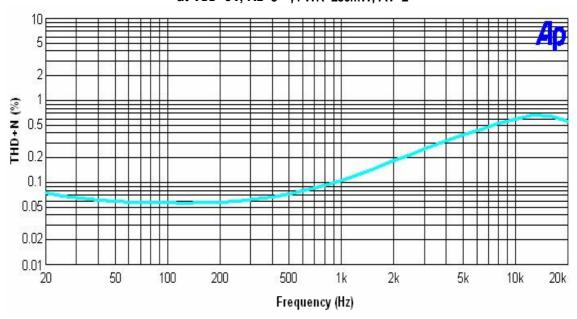


Figure 6
THD+N vs Frequency
at VDD=2.6V, RL=8 , PWR=250mW, Av=2

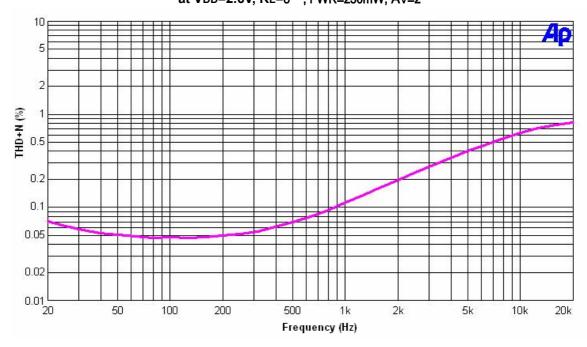
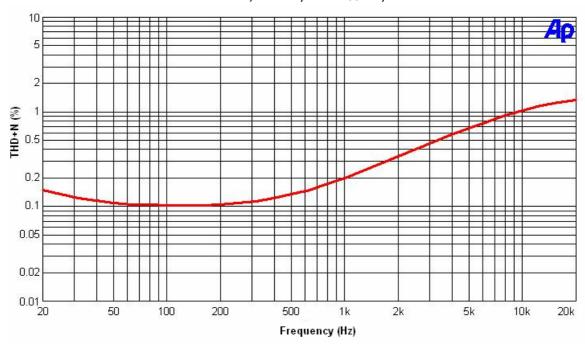


Figure 7
THD+N vs Frequency
at VDD=2.6V, RL=4 , PWR=250mW, Av=2



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Figure 8 **THD+N** vs Power Out @ VDD=5V, RL=8Ω, f=1kHz, Av=2

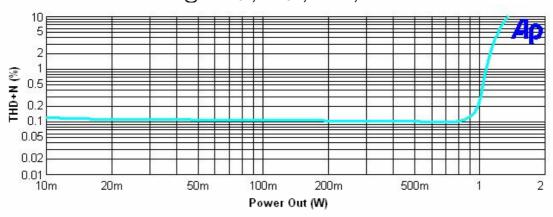


Figure 9 **THD+N vs Power Out** @ VDD=3.3V, RL=8Ω, f=1kHz, Av=2

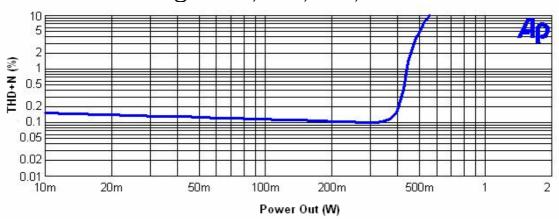
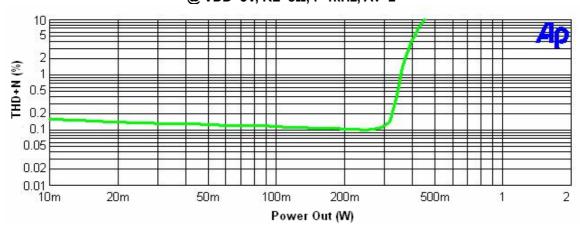


Figure 10 **THD+N** vs Power Out @ VDD=3V, RL=8Ω, f=1kHz, Av=2



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Figure 11 **THD+N** vs Power Out @ VDD=2.6V, RL=8Ω, f=1kHz, Av=2

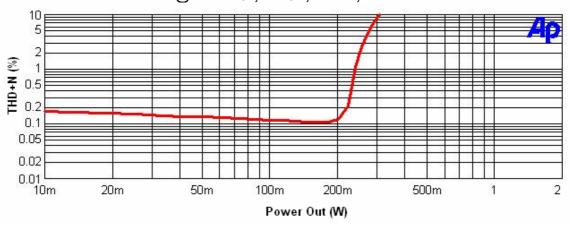


Figure 12 **THD+N vs Power Out** @ VDD=2.6V, RL=4Ω, f=1kHz, Av=2

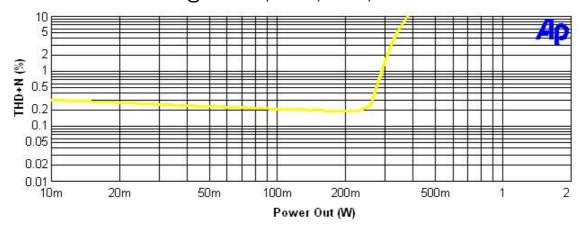


Figure 13 Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) @ Av=2 VDD=5V, V ripple =200mvp-p, RL=8 , RIN=Float

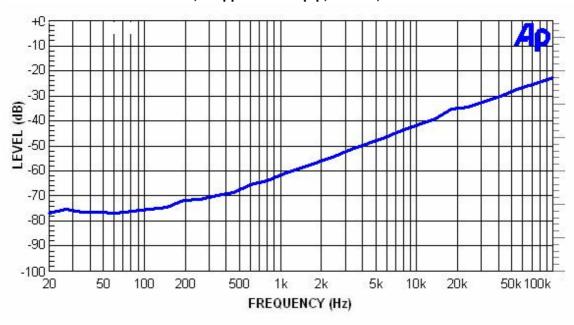
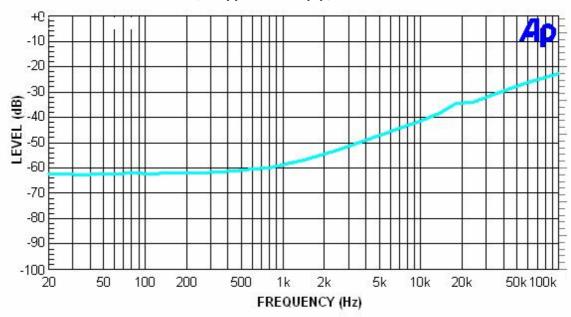


Figure 14 Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) @ Av=2 VDD=3V, V ripple =200mvp-p, RL=8 , RIN=Float



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Figure 15
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) @ Av=4
VDD=5V, V ripple =200mvp-p, RL=8 , RIN=Float

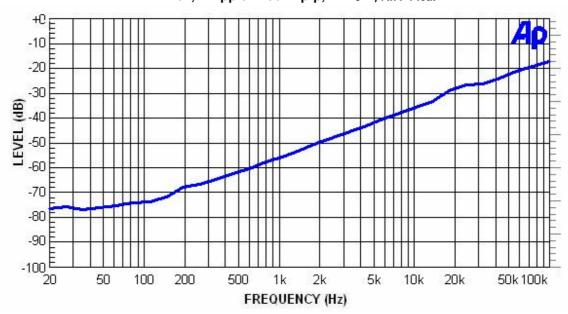
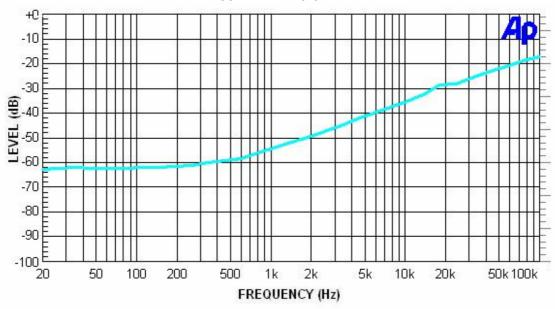


Figure 16
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) @ Av=4
VDD=3V, V ripple =200mvp-p, RL=8 , RIN=Float



1.0 Watt Audio power Amplifier

Figure 17 Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) @ Av=2 VDD=5V, V ripple =200mvp-p, RL=8 , RIN=10

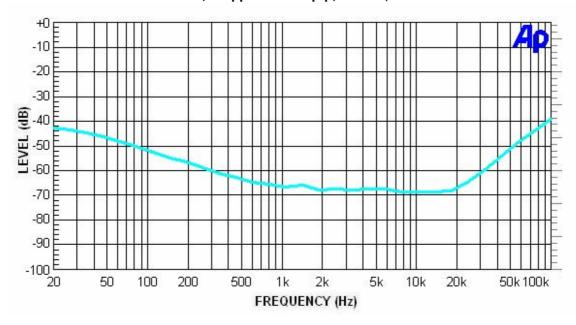
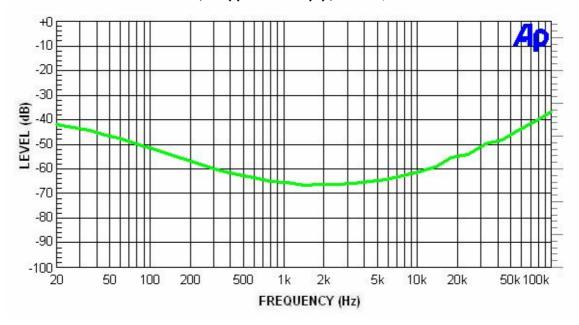


Figure 18 Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) @ Av=2 VDD=3V, V ripple =200mvp-p, RL=8 , RIN=10



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Figure 19 Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) @ Av=2 VDD=3.3V, V ripple =200mvp-p, RL=8 , RIN=10

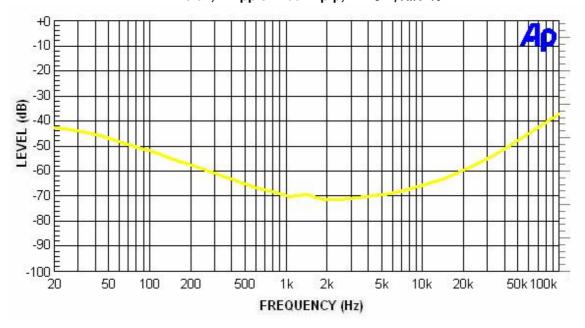
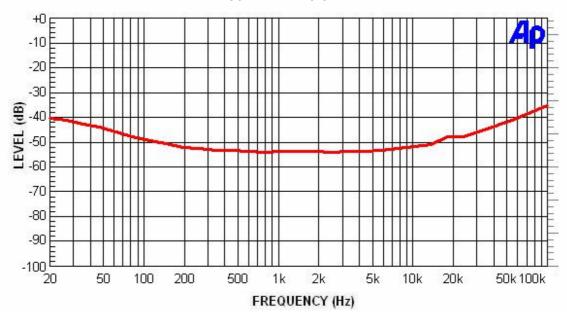


Figure 20 Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) @ Av=2 VDD=2.6V, V ripple =200mvp-p, RL=8 , RIN=10



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Figure 21 Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) @ Av=4 VDD=5V, V ripple =200mvp-p, RL=8 , RIN=10

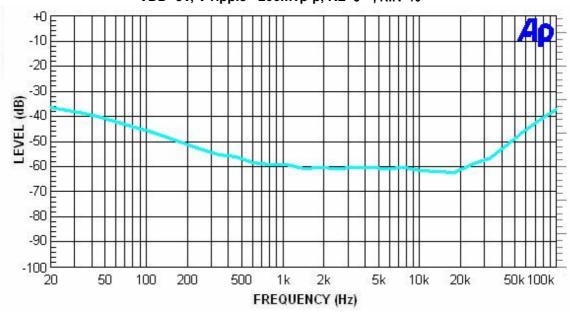
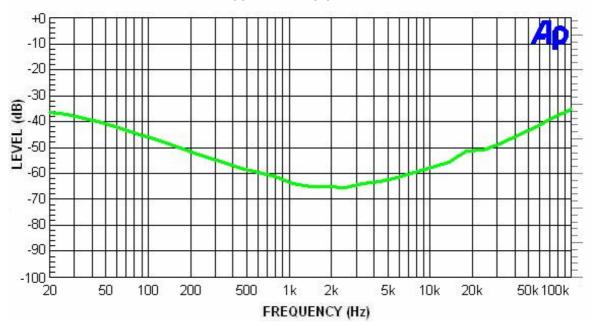


Figure 22 Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) @ Av=4 VDD=3V, V ripple =200mvp-p, RL=8 , RIN=10



I Y8891

#### 1.0 Watt Audio power Amplifier

#### APPLICATION INFORMATION

#### **BRIDGED CONFIGURATION EXPLANATION**

As shown in Figure 1, the LY8891 has two operational amplifiers internally, allowing for a few different amplifier configurations. The first amplifier's gain is externally configurable, while the second amplifier is internally fixed in a unity-gain, inverting configuration. The closed-loop gain of the first amplifier is set by selecting the ratio of Rf to RIN while the second amplifier's gain is fixed by the two internal  $20k\Omega$  resistors. *Figure 1* shows that the output of amplifier one serves as the input to amplifier two which results in both amplifiers producing signals identical in magnitude, but out of phase by  $180^{\circ}$ . Consequently, the differential gain for the IC is

$$AVD=2X(R_f/R_{IN})$$

By driving the load differentially through outputs Vo1 and Vo2, an amplifier configuration commonly referred to as "bridged mode" is established. Bridged mode operation is different from the classical single-ended amplifier configuration where one side of the load is connected to ground.

A bridge amplifier design has a few distinct advantages over the single-ended configuration, as it provides differential drive to the load, thus doubling output swing for a specified supply voltage. Four times the output power is possible as compared to a single-ended amplifier under the same conditions.

This increase in attainable output power assumes that the amplifier is not current limited or clipped. In order to choose an amplifier's closed-loop gain without causing excessive clipping, please refer to the Audio Power Amplifier Design section.

A bridge configuration, such as the one used in the LY8891, also creates a second advantage over single -ended amplifiers. Since the differential outputs, Vo1 and Vo2, are biased at half-supply, no net DC voltage exists across the load. This eliminates the need for an output coupling capacitor which is required in a single supply, single-ended amplifier configuration. Without an output coupling capacitor, the half-supply bias across the load would result in both increased internal IC power dissipation and also possible loudspeaker damage.

#### **Power Dissipation**

Power dissipation is a major concern when designing a successful amplifier, whether the amplifier is bridged or single-ended. A direct consequence of the increased power delivered to the load by a bridge amplifier is an increase in internal power dissipation. Since the LY8891 has two operational amplifiers in one package, the maximum internal power dissipation is 4 times that of a single-ended amplifier. The maximum power dissipation for a given application can be derived from the power dissipation graphs of from equation 1.

$$P_{DMAX} = 4 X (V_{DD})^2 / (2 \pi^2 R_L) \dots (1)$$

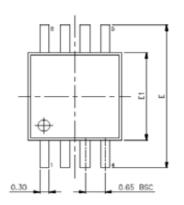
It is critical that the maximum junction temperature TJMAX of  $150^{\circ}$ C is not exceeded. TJMAX can be determine from the power derating curves by using  $P_{DMAX}$  and the PC board foil area. By adding additional copper foil, the thermal resistance of the application can be reduced, resulting in higher  $P_{DMAX}$ . Additional copper foil can be added to any of the leads connected to the LY8891.If TJMAX still exceeds  $150^{\circ}$ C, then additional changes must be made. These changes can include reduced supply voltage, higher load impedance, or reduced ambient temperature. Internal power dissipation is a function of output power.

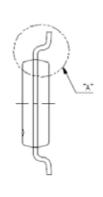
#### **POWER SUPPLY BYPASSING**

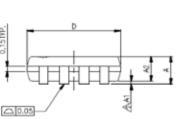
As with any amplifier, proper supply bypassing is critical for low noise performance and high power supply rejection. The capacitor location on both the bypass and power supply pins should be as close to the device as possible.

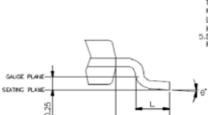
## **PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSION**

#### 8 pin 25.6 mil MSOP Package Outline Dimension









| SYMBOLS | MIN.     | NOM.     | MAX. |
|---------|----------|----------|------|
| A       | _        | _        | 1.10 |
| A1      | 0.00     | -        | 0.15 |
| A2      | 0.75     | 0.85     | 0.95 |
| D       | 3.00 BSC |          |      |
| E       | 4.90 BSC |          |      |
| E1      |          | 3.00 BSC |      |
| L       | 0.40     | 0.60     | 0.80 |
| L1      | 0.95 REF |          |      |
| θ,      | 0        | _        | 8    |

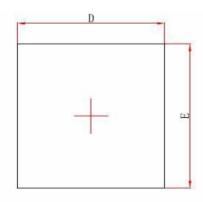
UNIT: MM

NOTES:
1.JEDEC OUTLINE; MO-187 AA
2.DIMENSION 'D' DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH,
PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS
OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 PER SIDE.
3.DIMENSION 'E!' DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR
PROTRUSION. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL
NOT EXCEED 0.25 PER SIDE.
4.DIMENSION '0.22' DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION.
ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.08 MM
TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE '0.22' DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM
MATERIAL CONDITION. DAMBAR CANNOT BE LOCATED ON THE
LOWER RADIUS OF THE FOOT. MINIMUM SPAC BETWEEN
PROTRUSION AND ADJACENT LEAD IS 0.07 MM.
5.DIMENSIONS 'D' AND 'E!' TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUN
PLANE II.

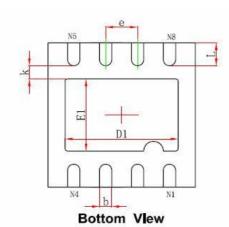
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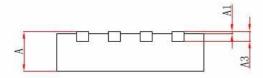
# LY8891

## **8 Pin DFN Package Outline Dimension**



Top Vlew





Side View

| Cy made a l | Dimensions In Millimeters |             |  |  |
|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| Symbol      | Min.                      | Max.        |  |  |
| Α           | 0.700/0.800               | 0.800/0.900 |  |  |
| A1          | 0.000                     | 0.050       |  |  |
| A3          | 0.203                     | REF.        |  |  |
| D           | 2.900                     | 3.100       |  |  |
| E           | 2.900                     | 3.100       |  |  |
| D1          | 2.200                     | 2.400       |  |  |
| E1          | 1.400                     | 1.600       |  |  |
| k           | 0.200MIN.                 |             |  |  |
| b           | 0.180                     | 0.300       |  |  |
| е           | 0.650TYP.                 |             |  |  |
| L           | 0.375                     | 0.575       |  |  |

FAX: 886-3-5165522